



Explainable Self-Learning Self-Adaptive Systems

Verena Klös | ES4CPS 2019





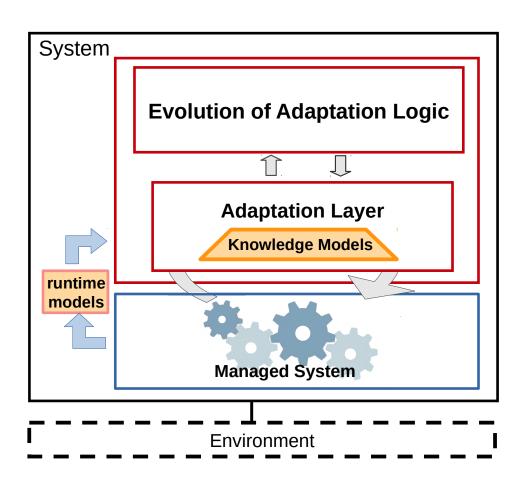


Framework for **Design** and **Verification** of **Self-Learning** Self-Adaptive Systems [SEAA'15, QA4SASO'16, SEAA'17, JSA'18, JSS'18]



Main idea:

- run-time evolution
- comprehensibility
- formal guarantees
- collected data as explanation basis
 - → Trust

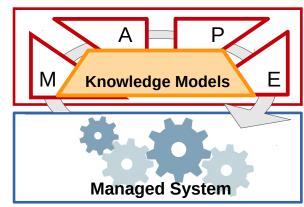






Knowledge Models

- main idea:
 - comprehensible run-time representation of
 - system and environment state
 - system **goals**
 - adaptation options



- knowledge models:
 - K_{Sys} , K_{Env} : current and past system **parameters** & sensor **values**
 - K_{Goal}: hierarchical **quantitative goal model** (distance)
 - K_{Adapt}: timed adaptation rules
 - history: enable retracing of adaptation decicions & their context





Timed Adaptation Rules

- main idea: efficient & comprehensible model of adaptation options, their effect and timing
- timed adaptation rules as generic mechanism
 - WHEN to apply? (guard)
 - WHICH actions? (commands c_i)
 - WHAT happens? (effect)
 - WHEN? (time)

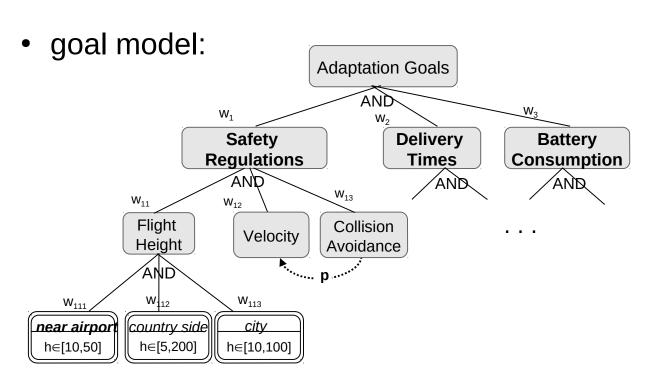
```
r_i: guard_i \& c_1; c_2; ...; c_n \rightarrow effect \ \textbf{after} \ time
```

- formally encode assumptions on environment
- predictability & comprehensibility of rule-based adaptation





Example – Autonomous Delivery Drones





Created by Johndory - Freepik.com

- adaptation rule:

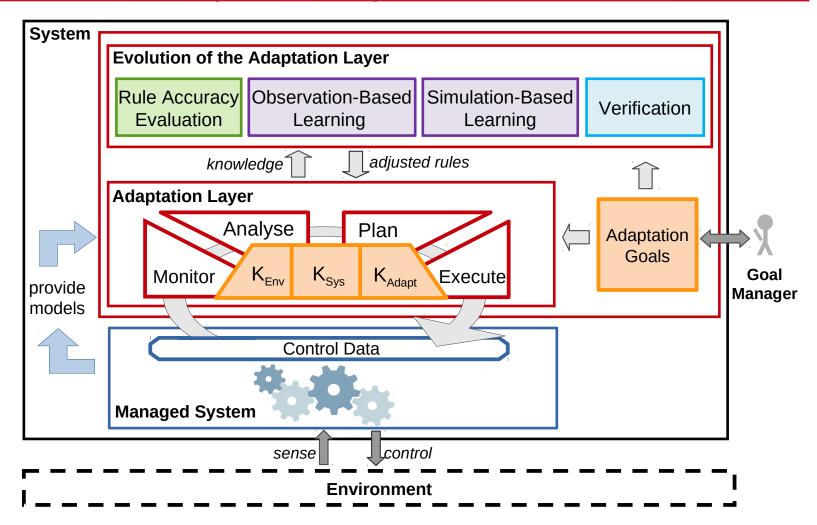
 - remaining_route ≥ battery_range && reduceVelocity()

 → remaining_route < battery_range and estimatedDeliveryTime'
 - > estimatedDeliveryTime **after** X seconds





Evolution of Adaptation Logics







Explainability of Adaptation Decisions?

Example

remaining_route ≥ battery_range && reduceVelocity()

→ remaining_route < battery_range and

estimatedDeliveryTime' > estimatedDeliveryTime

after X seconds



- Questions
 - 1) Why was adaptation necessary?
- 3) Which assumptions were made?

- 2) Why did you choose THIS option?
- 4) Which results were achieved?





Explainability of Adaptation Decisions?

- Questions
 - 1) Why was adaptation necessary?
- 3) Which assumptions were made?

- 2) Why did you choose this option?
- 4) Which results were achieved?
- Knowledge needed for Answers:
 - 1) cause (i.e., violated adaptation goals)
 - 2) context, applicable rules, chosen rule, expected effect/s (in terms of observable changes & goal satisfaction)
 - 3) chosen rule, expected effect (in terms of observable changes & goal satisfaction)
 - 4) actual effect





Explainability of Learning Decisions?

- Questions
 - 1) Why was learning necessary?
 - 3) Which assumptions were made?
- 2) How were the results achieved?
- 4) Which results were achieved?

- Knowledge needed for Answers
 - 1) original adaptation rule + observed deviations, non-existence of applicable rule
 - 2) kind of learning, underlying observations or used run-time models, fitness function of the learning algorithm
 - 3) underlying observations or used run-time models + simulation traces
 - 4) learning result + fitness value





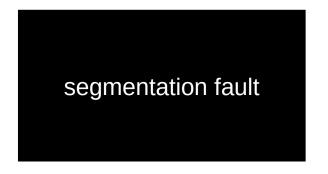
Future Work

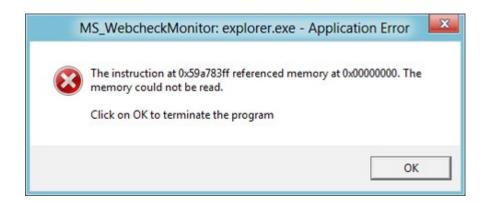
- current explanations = all possibly relevant knowledge for each decision (explainability = ability to explain)
 - only comprehensible for experts
 - <u>idea</u>: **generate textual explanations** (based on language patterns) for non-experts, **customize explanations** for different target groups (domains, expertise with the system)
- useful explanations?



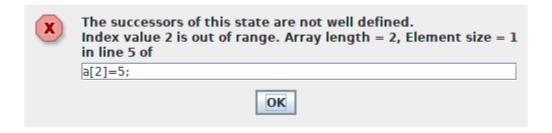


<u>Useful Explanations?</u>





VS.







Future Work

- current explanations = all possibly relevant knowledge for each decision (explainability = ability to explain)
 - only comprehensible for experts
 - <u>idea</u>: **generate textual explanations** (based on language patterns) for non-experts, **customize explanations** for different target groups (domains, expertise with the system)
- useful explanations?
 - provide filtered information to answer questions
 - cooperate with cognitive science to investigate human needs and expectations on explanations
 - use machine learning on user feedback to learn characteristics of helpful explanations





References

- [KGG16] Klös, Verena; Göthel, Thomas; Glesner, Sabine: Formal Models for Analysing Dynamic Adaptation Behaviour in Real-Time Systems. In: 3rd Workshop on Quality Assurance for Selfadaptive, Self-organising Systems (QA4SASO). IEEE, pp. 106– 111, 2016.
- [KGG18a] V. Klös, T. Göthel, and S. Glesner, "Comprehensible and dependable self-learning self-adaptive systems," Journal of Systems Architecture, vol. 85-86, pp. 28–42, 2018.
- [KGG18b] V. Klös, T. Göthel, and S. Glesner, "Runtime Management and Quantitative Evaluation of Changing System Goals in Complex Autonomous Systems," Journal of Systems and Software, vol. 144, pp. 314–327, 2018.

